

Contents

Company information	UZ
Directors' Report to the Members	03
Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position	07
Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss	08
Condensed Interim Statement of Other Comprehensive Income	09
Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows	10
Condensed Interim Statement of Changes in Equity	11
Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements	12
Disastass' Basast to the Mambass Ta Hedu	25

Company Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Muhammad Ali Tabba (Chairman)
Mr. Muhammad Sohail Tabba (CEO)
Mr. Jawed Yunus Tabba (Non-Executive Director)
Ms. Zulekha Tabba Maskatiya (Non-Executive Director)
Mr. Muhammad Hassan Tabba (Non-Executive Director)
Mr. Ibrahim Sohail Tabba (Non-Executive Director)
Syed Muhammad Shabbar Zaidi (Independent Director)
Mr. Moia M. Euda (Independent Director)

Mr. Moin M. Fudda (Independent Director)

Audit Committee

Syed Muhammad Shabbar Zaidi (Chairman) Mr. Moin M. Fudda Mr. Muhammad Ali Tabba Mr. Jawed Yunus Tabba Mr. Ibrahim Sohail Tabba

HR and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Moin M. Fudda (Chairman) Mr. Jawed Yunus Tabba Ms. Zulekha Tabba Maskatiya Mr. Ibrahim Sohail Tabba

Executive Director Finance Mr. Abdul Səttər Abdulləh

Chief Operating Officer Mr. Imroz Iqbəl

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Muhammad Imran Moten Chief Internal Auditor Mr. Haji Muhammad Mundia

Company Secretary Mr. Faud Zakaria Bhuri

Auditors

Chartered Accountants Independent correspondent firm to Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Registered Office 200-201, Gədoon Aməzəi Industriəl Estəte,

Distt. Swabi, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. Phone: 093-8270212-13 Fax: 093-8270311

Email: secretary@gadoontextile.com

Head Office

7-A, Muhammad Ali Society, Abdul Aziz Haji Hashim Tabba Street, Karachi 75350. Phone: 021-35205479-80 Fax: 021-34382436

Liaison Office

Office No. 401, 4th Floor, Tri Tower, Opposite Sarhad University, Ring Road, Peshawar.

200-201, Gadoon Amazai Industrial Estate, Distt. Swabi, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. **Factory Locations**

- 57 K.M. on Super Highway, Near Karachi.

Share Registrar / Transfer

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House, 99-B, Block B, S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahrah-e-Faisəl, Karachi.

Toll Free: 0800 23275

Bankers & DFIs

Al Bərəkə Bənk Limited JS Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited Bank Al-Falah Limited (Islamic Banking) National Bank of Pakistan

Bank AL Habib Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited Soneri Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank Pakistan Limited The Bank of Khyber

Faysal Bank Limited The Bank of Punjab Həbib Bənk Limited United Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited Pak Kuwait Investment Co. (Private) Limited Industrial & Commercial Bank of China Limited

02 | Gadoon Textile Mills Limited

Directors' Report to the Members

Dear Members

The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the performance review and unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended March 31, 2025.

Overview

During the period under review, the Company's topline increased marginally by 1.57% to Rs. 55.35 billion, compared to Rs. 54.49 billion in the same period last year (SPLY). While the cost of energy generation rose significantly-adversely affecting profitability-the Company managed to improve gross margins due to changes in raw material mix and pricing. Moreover, pressure on local yarn prices persisted due to the increasing volume of cheaper imported yarn. Nevertheless, the Company successfully navigated these headwinds and, supported by declining interest rates, achieved a net profit of Rs. 2,002 million, up from Rs. 277.81 million in the SPLY.

Economic Prospects

During the review period, the Country's economy maintained a positive trajectory, marked by greater stability and promising signs of long-term growth. Monetary and fiscal reforms under the IMF's Extended Fund Facility (EFF) yielded significant improvements in key macroeconomic indicators. Inflation reached multi-year lows, the current account moved into surplus, and foreign exchange reserves improved-leading to a stable exchange rate.

Imports rose by 6.60% to USD 42.69 billion, compared to USD 40.05 billion in the SPLY. Exports climbed by 7.82% to USD 24.71 billion, while remittances surged by 33.20% to USD 28 billion, supporting the current account balance.

With inflation easing more than expected, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) reduced policy rates by a cumulative 850 basis points, from 20.5% to 12%, which significantly eased financial pressure on industries and restored business confidence.

A major concern for the textile sector remains the drastic decline in the domestic cotton crop. Production fell by 34.17%, with only 5.524 million bales reaching ginning factories-down from 8.393 million bales in the SPLY. This shortfall increased reliance on imported cotton, straining foreign exchange reserves.

Financial Performance

Key highlights for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, are as follows:

Profit and Loss Summary	March 31, 2025 (Rupe	March 31, 2024 es in '000)	Percentage Favorable / (Unfavorable)
Sales (net)	55,353,450	54,498,193	1.57
Gross Profit	5,090,937	3,695,804	37.75
Distribution Cost	671,908	632,559	(6.22)
Administrative Expenses	429,589	396,786	(8.27)
Other Operating Expenses	320,038	128,417	(149.22)
Finance Cost	1,909,069	3,073,973	37.90
Other Income	1,242,979	1,418,243	(12.36)
Profit Before Taxation	3,003,312	882,312	240.39
Profit After Taxation	2,002,815	277,815	620.92
Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	71.45	9.91	

During the period Yarn sales declined slightly compared to the SPLY but were offset by higher volumes of knitted bedding products, resulting in an overall increase in revenue and improved profit margins.

Despite escalating conversion costs, particularly in energy, the Company improved gross margins through efficient procurement, product mix optimization, operational efficiencies, and increased use of renewable energy.

Distribution costs rose due to higher export volumes in the knitted bedding segment. Administrative expenses increased primarily due to inflation.

Finance costs declined by 37.90% to Rs. 1,909 million, from Rs. 3,073 million in the SPLY, due to falling interest rates (12% - 20.5% compared to 22% in SPLY), improved working capital management, and a balanced mix of local and foreign currency borrowings.

Share of profit from associates dropped by 20.81% to Rs. 850.80 million. However, net profit increased by 620.92% to Rs. 2,002 million.

Segmental Review

Sales in the spinning segment declined slightly but delivered better margins. Yarn exports remained sluggish due to rising production costs and stiff regional competition. Conversely, sales of knitted bedding products increased by over 80%, significantly contributing to overall growth.

Advancing Sustainability, Ethics and Community Impact

GTML continues to advance its sustainability commitments through impactful ESG initiatives. This year, we expanded solar power generation, further reducing our carbon footprint. Water conservation efforts were enhanced through RO plants, while stringent toxic water treatment ensured responsible discharge. Afforestation drives and energy-efficient infrastructure, including waste heat recovery, lowered CO2 emissions. Digitization reduced paper consumption, aligning with our eco-conscious operations. These measures reinforce GTML's dedication to sustainable growth and environmental stewardship.

We recognize our role in shaping a more inclusive and equitable society, and we are dedicated to investing our time, resources, and expertise where it matters most. These efforts are not just part of a strategy, they are rooted in our values. By giving back to the communities that support us, we aim to drive meaningful change that extends far beyond the walls of our organization.

As part of the CSR program:

We partnered with the Pakistan Association of the Blind to create an inclusive and equitable opportunity for blind persons in terms of quality education & continuous learning.

High-quality hospital bedding was donated to Murshid Hospital & Health Care Centre to enhance patient care.

During Ramadan, we organized a compassionate Ifter drive at Fehmida Senior Care Home, in collaboration with SWAT - Social Welfare & Trust (IoBM Society), reflecting the values of empathy and togetherness.

Employee Training and Development

At GTML, we believe that empowering individuals through knowledge and skill-building is one 04 I Gadoon Textile Mills Limited

of the most effective ways to drive long-term, sustainable change. As part of our Training & Development initiatives, we aim to bridge skill gaps, enhance employability, and create opportunities for underrepresented communities.

During the quarter, the HR team conducted training sessions on Corporate Governance, Leadership Skills, First Aid, Fire Safety, Chemical Safety, ETI Base Code, PPE usage, kitchen hygiene, and safety drills.

Future Outlook

The global economy is expected to grow modestly amidst diverse challenges. Although inflation is expected to continue its downward trend at varying degrees, it will likely remain a concern as geopolitical tensions continue to influence energy prices and supply chains, requiring central banks to navigate balance while supporting economic growth. Additionally, environmental concerns, the transition towards green energy and most importantly, the divergence in U.S. trade policies will remain key factors that may reshape global trade dynamics, requiring global economies to recalibrate their economic strategy.

A key development impacting Pakistan's textile industry is the recent announcement by the United States to impose tariffs of up to 29% on certain textile imports from Pakistan. However, the U.S. administration has currently placed a 90-day pause on the implementation of these tariffs to allow room for negotiations.

This pause presents a critical window of opportunity: if diplomatic and trade discussions result in favorable outcomes, Pakistan's textile sector could not only avert significant damage but potentially gain a competitive edge by reaffirming its position in the U.S. market. On the other hand, failure to secure relief during this period could lead to serious repercussions, including a sharp decline in exports, loss of market share, job losses, and broader macroeconomic strain-given that textiles make up a significantly high proportion of Pakistan's total exports and a significant portion of exports to the U.S.

In addition to external risks, the recent uncertainty surrounding the Export Facilitation Scheme (EFS) has further impacted textile exporters. The emergence of compliance-related disputes, especially those tied to misdeclarations and retrospective audits, has created operational and financial strain for compliant exporters. These issues have led to delays in shipments, disrupted production planning, and added compliance burdens that jeopardize the competitiveness of formal sector exporters. Similarly, abrupt levies and retrospective duties-without adequate consultation-have raised concerns about policy unpredictability and eroded investor confidence in the export-led growth model.

Locally, the upgrade in Pakistan's sovereign rating from 'CCC+' to 'B-' by Fitch, along with agreements under the IMF's EFF and the new Resilience and Sustainability Facility signals the acknowledgement of Country's efforts and significant progress made in restoring macroeconomic stability. It is now critical to build on this momentum and focus on addressing structural inefficiencies and prioritizing climate-related reforms moving forward.

The manufacturing sector benefited from the substantial reduction in the policy rates however, growth in the large-scale manufacturing remained bleak. Considering the current trend in inflation, it is highly anticipated that the SBP may further reduce the interest rates to spur demand-driven growth.

The Country's spinning industry will continue to face serious challenges mainly due to disparity in policy, cheaper yarn imports from regional competitors and a continuous escalation in gas prices for captive power plants. Addressing these challenges is crucial to restoring level playing field for domestic yarn manufacturers to fully capitalize on opportunities and enhance their competitiveness with regional peers

In response, the Company remains focused on enhancing efficiency, maximizing capacity utilization, and expanding renewable energy integration and efficiently managing working

capital. It will also adjust its product mix and cost structure to align with shifting market dynamics and preserve profitability.

Board Composition and Changes

The Board comprises eight members, including the Chief Executive Officer. as a deemed Director:

Tot	No.	
а)	Məle	07
b)	Feməle	01

Composition

a) Independent Directors	02
b) Other Non-Executive Directors	04
c) Executive Director	01
d) Female Non-Executive Director	01

Election of Board of Directors

The election of directors of your Company was held on March 17, 2025. The following directors have been elected for a period of three years:

Particulars	No.	Name of Directors	Mode
a) Independent Directors	02	Syed Muhammad Shabbar Zaidi Mr. Moin M. Fudda	Elected Elected
b) Other Non-Executive Directors	04	Mr. Muhammad Ali Tabba Mr. Jawed Yunus Tabba Mr. Muhammad Hassan Tabba Mr. Ibrahim Sohail Tabba	Elected Elected Elected Elected
c) Female Non-Executive Director	01	Ms. Zulekha Tabba Maskatiya	Elected
c) Executive Director	01	Mr. Muhəmməd Sohəil Təbbə	Appointed

We extend our sincere appreciation to Mr. Imran Yunus, the retiring director, for his invaluable contributions to the Company.

There has been no change to the remuneration policy for non-executive directors since the Annual Report 2024.

Acknowledgments

The Board of Directors expresses gratitude to all employees and associates for their unwavering dedication and hard work throughout the period.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer

Kərəchi: April 23, 2025

06 | Gadoon Textile Mills Limited

For and on behalf of the Board

Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2025

AS OF MOREH 31, 2023		March 31, 2025 (Un-audited)	June 30, 2024 (Audited)
ACCETC	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
ASSETS Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment Biological assets	5	27,227,171 537,622	24,563,610 761,358
Long term advance Long term loans Long term deposits	6	614 64.837	7,753 64,586
Long term investments	7	6,151,250 33,981,494	6,357,687 31,754,994
Current Assets		7.504.077	7 400 070
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments Other receivables Current tax asset Cash and bank balances	8	1,524,671 23,254,026 5,563,392 133,445 58,409 2,028,049	1,409,278 19,283,229 5,062,757 177,829 52,800 2,616,577 73,339 1,401,011
		33,586,821	30,076,820
TOTAL ASSETS		67,568,315	61,831,814
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Share Capital and Reserves			
Authorized 57,500,000 ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each		575,000	575,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves TOTAL EQUITY		280,296 23,220,817 23,501,113	280,296 21,218,002 21,498,298
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long term finance Deferred government grant Retirement benefit obligation Deferred tax liabilities	9 10	3,580,426 110,493 1,296,661 754,308 5,741,888	5,887,345 140,159 1,205,342 944,968 8,177,814
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Levies payable Current portion of long term finance Current portion of deferred government grant Accrued mark up Provision for taxation Short term borrowings	9 : 10	14,890,631 32,327 351,324 688,197 28,172 385,958 165,368 21,783,337	10,826,480 32,380 431,977 679,913 40,132 622,525 19,522,295
TOTAL LIABILITIES		38,325,314	32,155,702
TOTAL LIABILITIES		44,067,202	40,333,516
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	12	67,568,315	61,831,814

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA
Cheirman

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA
Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss (Un-audited)

For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025

	Nine Mon	ths Ended	Quarter	Ended
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Note	•••••	(Rupees	in '000)	
Sales - net	55,353,450	54,498,193	17,590,110	20,615,670
Cost of sales 13	(50,262,513)	(50,802,389)	(15,789,085)	(19,388,065)
Gross profit	5,090,937	3,695,804	1,801,025	1,227,605
Distribution cost	(671,908)	(632,559)	(222,424)	(239,686)
Administrative expenses	(429,589)	(396,786)	(143,363)	(132,994)
	(1,101,497)	(1,029,345)	(365,787)	(372,680)
	3,989,440	2,666,459	1,435,238	854,925
Finance cost	(1,909,069)	(3,073,973)	(493,126)	(1,106,853)
Other operating expenses	(320,038)	(128,417)	(123,428)	(9,065)
	1,760,333	(535,931)	818,684	(260,993)
Other income	392,174	343,867	24,919	128,061
Share of profit from associates	850,805	1,074,376	235,026	284,234
Profit before final tax, revenue				
tax and income tax	3,003,312	882,312	1,078,629	151,302
Final tax	-	(387,788)	-	(142,364)
Profit before revenue tax and				
income tax	3,003,312	494,524	1,078,629	8,938
Revenue tax	(353,566)	(318,677)	(51,785)	(124,959)
Profit / (loss) before income tax	2,649,746	175,847	1,026,844	(116,021)
Təxətion - net	(646,931)	101,968	(332,507)	138,168
Profit for the period	2,002,815	277,815	694,337	22,147
Earnings per share				
- basic and diluted (Rupees)	71.45	9.91	24.77	0.79

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA
Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN
Chief Financial Officer

08 | Gadoon Textile Mills Limited

Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Un-audited) For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025

	Nine Montl	ns Ended	Quarter E	inded
	March 31, March 31, 2025 2024		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Profit for the period	2,002,815	277,815	694,337	22,147
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income				
for the period	2,002,815	277,815	694,337	22,147

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows (Un-audited)

For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025

A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash generated from operating activities 15 6,144,358 8,979,442 Retirement benefits paid Income taxes paid Finance cost paid Finance Finan	F01	TTHE NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025	Nine Mont	hs Ended
Note		-	March 31,	March 31,
Cash generated from operating activities 15				
Retirement benefits paid Income taxes paid Finance cost paid (1,033,103) (518,593) (51	A.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income taxes paid (1,033,103) (3,148,9631) (3,149,6631) (3,419,8631) (4,160,821)		Cash generated from operating activities 15	6,144,358	8,979,442
Recash generated from operating activities B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property, plant and equipment Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Sale proceeds from disposal of biological asset Loans repaid by / (paid to) to employees Loans loans to expect to expect Loans repaid by / (paid to) to employees Loans repaid by		Income taxes paid	(1,033,103) (2,145,636)	(518,597) (3,149,631)
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property, plant and equipment Short term investments Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Sale proceeds from disposal of biological asset Loans repaid by / (paid to) to employees Loans repaid by / (paid to)		Net cash generated from operating activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Short term investments Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Sale proceeds from disposal of biological asset Loans repaid by / (paid to) to employees Loans repaid by / (paid to) to employees Dividend received Proceeds from disposal of investment Profit received from bank deposits Long term devances received Net cash used in investing activities C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of term loan Repayment of term loan Repayment of temporary economic refinance facility Renewable energy financing obtained Discounting liability Renewable energy financing obtained Dividend Paid Net cash generated from financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings excluding export refinance, import loan and discounting liability CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITES July 01, Financing cash inflows (Rupees in '000) (4,160,821) (4,162,821) (4,162,821) (251) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (251) (254,50) (30,124,59) (30,21,459				
Short term investments Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Sale proceeds from disposal of biological asset Loans repaid by / (paid to) to employees Loans repaid by / (paid to) to employees Dividend received Proceeds from disposal of investment Profit received from bank deposits Long term deynances received Proceeds from disposal of investment Profit received from bank deposits Sale proceeds from disposal of investment Profit received from bank deposits Sale proceeds from disposal of investment Profit received from bank deposits Sale proceeds from disposal of investment Profit received from bank deposits Sale proceeds from disposal of biological asset Sale proceeds from disposal of biological depoils and sale place asset of the period of temporary economic refinance facility Sale proceeds from disposal of temporary economic refinance facility Sale proceeds from financing activities Sale proceeds from financing activities Sale proceeds from disposal of temporary economic refinance facility Sale proce	В.			
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of long-term finance Term loan obtained Repayment of term loan Repayment of temporary economic refinance facility Renewable energy financing obtained Discounting liability Export refinance - net Dividend Paid Net cash generated from financing activities Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings excluding export refinance, import loan and discounting liability CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES July 01, Financing Cash inflows (Rupees in '000) (427,473) (1,800,000) (1,1500,000) (1,1500,000) (1,12,788) (93,435) (667,347) (112,788) (93,435) (67,347) (112,788) (93,435) (93,435) (112,788) (93,435) (67,347) (112,788) (93,435) (67,347) (636,145 (73) (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,6220 (73,621) (73,163,794) (82,70,384) (82,70,384) CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES July 01, Financing cash inflows (Rupees in '000) CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (Rupees in '000) Repayment of term loan obtained (1,800,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,2788) (93,435) (67,47 636,145 647,147 636,145 636,145 647,147 636,145 647,147 636,145 647,147 636,145 647,14		Short term investments Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Sale proceeds from disposal of biological asset Loans repaid by / (paid to) to employees Long term deposits given Dividend received Proceeds from disposal of investment Profit received from bank deposits Long term advances received	(19,000,000) 95,292 173,459 19,506 (251) 1,057,241 19,196,073 59,916 4,722	140,294 74,018 36,183 (25,450) 582,703 - 40,484
Repayment of long-term finance Term loan obtained Repayment of term loan Repayment of terminance Repayment of		· ·	(3,021,459)	(3,312,589)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings excluding export refinance, import loan and discounting liability CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES July 01, Financing cash inflows outflows changes Financing (Rupees in '000) March 31, 2025	C.	Repayment of long-term finance Term loan obtained Repayment of term loan Repayment of temporary economic refinance facility Renewable energy financing obtained Discounting liability Export refinance - net Import Loan - net Dividend Paid	(1,800,000) (112,788) - 636,145 8,564 2,736,220 (53)	1,263,807 (1,500,000) (93,435) 667,347 - 69,079 3,064,162 (2,124)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings excluding export refinance, import loan and discounting liability CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES July 01, Financing cash inflows (Rupees in '000) (9,165,670) (8,270,384) (8,270,384) (9,165,670) (8,270,384) (8,270,384)				
Cash and bank balances Short term borrowings excluding export refinance, import loan and discounting liability CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES July 01, Financing cash inflows outflows changes (Rupees in '000) 1,024,829 496,876 (8,767,260) (8,270,384) 496,876 (8,767,260) (8,270,384)		Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	(9,165,670)	(13,163,794)
Short term borrowings excluding export refinance, import loan and discounting liability (9,446,794) (8,767,260) (8,270,384) CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES July 01, Financing cash inflows outflows changes (Rupees in '000) (8,767,260) (8,270,384)		CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
CHANGES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES July 01, Financing Financing Non- March 31, 2024 cash cash cash 2025 inflows outflows changes (Rupees in '000)		Short term borrowings excluding export refinance,	(9,446,794)	(8,767,260)
July 01, Financing Financing Non- March 31, 2024 cash cash cosh 2025 inflows outflows changes ————————————————————————————————————			(8,421,965)	(8,2/0,384)
Loan from financial institutions 6,747,549 - (2,340,261) - 4,407,288		July 01, Financing 2024 cash inflows	cash cas	h 2025
		· •	-	4,407,288

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer

32,380

MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

32,327

(53)

10 | Gədoon Textile Mills Limited

Unclaimed and unpaid dividend

Condensed Interim Statement of Changes in Equity (Un-audited) For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025

		Capital Reserves				Revenue	Reserves			
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	Share premium	Amalga- mation reserve	Against Long term invest- ment, capacit Expension & Bl	Sub ty total	General reserve	Amalga- mation reserve	Unappro- priated profit	Sub total	Grand total
					(Ru	pees in	(000)			
Balance as at July 1, 2023	280,296	103,125	34,416	16,500,000	16,637,541	1,000,000	727,333	2,046,032	3,773,365	20,691,202
Total comprehensive income for the period	od									
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	277,815	277,815	277,815
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the per	iod -	-	-	-	-	-	-	277,815	277,815	277,815
Balance as at March 31, 2024	280,296	103,125	34,416	16,500,000	16,637,541	1,000,000	727,333	2,323,847	4,051,180	20,969,017
Balance as at July 01, 2024	280,296	103,125	34,416	16,500,000	16,637,541	1,000,000	727,333	2,853,128	4,580,461	21,498,298
Total comprehensive income for the period	d									
Profit for the period	-		-			-	-	2,002,815	2,002,815	2,002,815
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the perio	d -	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,002,815	2,002,815	2,002,815
Balance as at March 31, 2025	280,296	103,125	34,416	16,500,000	16,637,541	1,000,000	727,333	4,855,943	6,583,276	23,501,113

The annexed notes 1 to 20 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Un-audited)

For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Gadoon Textile Mills Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on February 23, 1988 as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017) and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The principal activity of the Company is manufacturing and sale of yarn and knitted bedding products, dyeing services and production and sale of milk.

Y.B. Holdings (Private) Limited is the Holding Company of the Company.

Following are the geographical location and address of all business units of the Company:

Head Office:

7-A, Muhammad Ali Housing Society, Abdul Aziz Həji Həshim Təbbə Street, Kərəchi, Province of Sindh, South, Pakistən.

Manufacturing facility:

- 200-201, Gadoon Amazai Industrial Estate, District Swabi, Province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, North, Pakistan.
- 57 K.M. on Super Highway (near Karachi), Province of Sindh, South, Pakistan.

Liaison Office:

Office No. 401, 4th Floor, Tri Tower, Opposite Sarhad University, Ring Road, Peshawar, Province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, North, Pakistan.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1 These condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. In case where requirements differ, the provisions of or directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed. These condensed interim financial statements does not include all the information required for the full financial statements and therefore should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024.
- 2.2 These condensed interim financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency and figures presented in these condensed interim financial statements has been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupee.
- 2.3 These condensed interim financial statements are un-audited and all relevant compliance with Companies Act, 2017 has been made accordingly. The comparative statement of financial position presented has been extracted from annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024; the comparative condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim

12 | Gadoon Textile Mills Limited

statement of other comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of cash flows and condensed interim statement of changes in equity of the Company have been extracted from the unaudited condensed interim financial statements for the nine months ended March 31, 2024.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

3.1 The accounting policies applied in the preparation of these condensed interim financial information are the same as those applied in the preparation of the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgements that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively commencing from the period of revision.

3.2 New / Revised Standards, Interpretations and Amendments

Standards and amendments

There are certain new and amended standards, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2024 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Company's operations and therefore not detailed in these condensed interim financial statements.

3.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective:

The following standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

	accounting period beginning on or after:
Amendments to IAS 21 'The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates' - 'Clarification on how entity accounts when there is long term lack of Exchangeability	January 01, 2025
IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts (including the June 2020 and December 2021 Amendments to IFRS 17)	January 01, 2026
Amendments IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' - Classification and measurement of financial instruments	January 01, 2026

Effective from

Other than the aforesaid amendments, IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

Standards

IFRS 1 - First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements

IFRS 19 - Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial risk objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the annual audited financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	March 31,	June 30,
	2025	2024
	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Note	(Rupees in	n '000)

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Operating fixed assets	5.1	24,047,751	22,937,175
Capital work-in-progress	5.2	3,179,420	1,626,435
		27,227,171	24,563,610

5.1 Details of additions and disposals to operating fixed assets are as under:

		ths Ended 11, 2025	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2024		
	Additions/ transfers			Disposals at book value	
		(корсс	3 111 0007		
Buildings	464,288	-	3,406,682	-	
Plant and machinery	1,906,079	102,185	6,046,227	77,503	
Power plant	643,503	-	1,451,614	30,072	
Electric installations	5,550	-	7,529	-	
Tools and equipment	10,091	-	2,774	591	
Furniture and fittings	20,080	-	6,325	392	
Computer equipment	15,242	758	11,047	327	
Office equipment and					
instəllətions	6,688	-	5,844	848	
Vehicles	-	8,124	700	11,095	
Fork lifter and tractors	2,912	-	-	-	
	3,074,433	111,067	10,938,742	120,828	

5.2 Details of additions and transfers from capital work in progress are as under:

		ths Ended 31, 2025	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2024	
	Additions Transfers		Additions	Transfers
		(Rupee	s in '000)	
Civil works	311,292	464,288	1,475,287	3,116,081
Plant and machinery	4,258,778	2,549,582	2,978,512	7,060,969
Electric installation	5,550	5,550	7,529	27,209
Tools and equipment	10,091	10,091	2,774	2,774
Vehicles	(3,216)	-	700	700
Mərk up cəpitəlized	-	-	279,341	714,119
	4,582,495	3,029,511	4,744,143	10,921,852

6. LONG TERM ADVANCE

The Company invested Rs. 66.6 million for a Joint Venture Project with the the principal activity of the acquisition and development of a real estate project in Karachi. The Company's share in this Joint Venture project was ten percent. The Project could not be executed and accordingly the amount was provided in previous years. However, last year the parties to the Joint Venture have agreed to settle the amount spent for the project. In this respect the Company has received Rs. 49.1 million as full and final settlement.

The remaining amount of Rs. 17.5 million will not be received further, therefore, the Board has granted the approval to write off the remaining amount of Rs. 17.5 million.

March 31,	June 30,
2025	2024
(Un-audited)	(Audited)
(Rupees in '000)	

7. LONG TERM INVESTMENTS

Investment in associates

Lucky Core Industries Limited
Lucky Holdings Limited
Yunus Energy Limited

4,280,560	4,084,042
926	875
1,869,764	2,272,770
6,151,250	6,357,687

8.	STOCK IN TRADE	Note	March 31, 2025 (Un-audited) (Rupees	June 30, 2024 (Audited) s in '000)
	Raw material in - hand - transit - feed		9,280,523 7,065,010 129,496	8,385,834 4,560,166 85,887
			16,475,029	13,031,887
	Work in process		1,512,861	1,932,370
	Finished goods - yarn - knitted fabric - waste - unprocessed milk		4,432,621 741,406 90,926 1,183 5,266,136 23,254,026	3,682,809 576,479 59,463 221 4,318,972 19,283,229
9.	LONG TERM FINANCE			
	Long term finance facility Term loan Financing for Renewable Energy	9.1 9.2	2,719,575 - 837,507	3,147,048 1,800,000 837,507
	Temporary economic refinance facility Less: Current portion of long	9.3	711,541	782,703
	term finance		(688,197)	(679,913)
			3,580,426	5,887,345

- 9.1 The Company has entered into a long term finance agreement with commercial banks, with an approved limit of Rs. 2.71 billion (June 30, 2024: Rs. 10.61 billion). The facility carries a mark-up ranging from SBP Base Rate + 0.10% to 2% payable on a quarterly basis (June 30, 2024: SBP Base Rate + 0.10% to 2% payable on a quarterly basis). The tenure of this facility is 12 years including 2 years moratorium period.
- 9.2 The Company entered into long-term loan agreements with commercial banks under the Renewable Energy Scheme of the State Bank of Pakistan with an approved limit of 0.837 billion (June 30, 2024: Rs. 0.88 billion). Facility is to be repaid in 12 years including 2 years moratorium period. Principal to be repaid in quarterely & semi annually equal installments. These facilities carries mark-up ranging from SBP Base Rate + 2% to 3% (June 30, 2024: SBP Base Rate + 2% to 3%) which is payable in arrears on quarterly basis.

- 9.3 The Company has entered into a temporary economic refinance facility agreement with commercial banks, with an approved limit of Rs. 0.85 billion billion (June 30, 2024: Rs. 1.072 billion). The facility carries a mark up of SBP Base Rate + 0.50% to 0.75% (June 30, 2024: SBP Base Rate + 0.50% to 0.75%). The tenure of this facility is 12 years including 2 years moratorium period.
- 9.4 The above financing agreements are secured by pari passu charge over plant and machinery of the Company.

	March 31,	June 30,
	2025	2024
	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Note	(Rupees in	'000)

10. DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANT

Deferred grant against temporary			
economic refinance facility	10.1	138,665	180,291
Less: Current portion of deferred			
government grant		(28,172)	(40,132)
		110,493	140,159

10.1 Deferred government grant relates to the financing obtained at below market mark-up rates i.e. difference between the fair value and actual proceed of TERF loan obtained under SBP's refinance scheme. It is being amortised over the period of ten years from the date of loan disbursement with an amount equal to the difference between the finance cost charged that would have been charged to statement of profit or loss at market rate and the interest paid as per the scheme.

	March 31, 2025	June 30, 2024
	(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Note	(Rupees in	n '000) -

11. SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

Banking companies - secured

Running finance under mark-up			
arrangement	11.1	5,946,794	1,416,681
Money market	11.2	3,500,000	9,150,000
Export refinance	11.3	3,463,509	3,454,945
Import loan	11.4	8,236,889	5,500,669
Discounting liability	11.5	636,145	
		21,783,337	19,522,295

- 11.1 Facilities for running finance, import finance, export finance and export refinance are available from various commercial banks upto Rs. 71.76 billion (June 30, 2024: Rs. Rs. 52.78 billion). For running finance facility, the rates of mark-up range between KIBOR -5% to KIBOR + 1.00% per annum (June 30, 2024: KIBOR + 0.05% to KIBOR + 1.00% per annum). These are secured against hypothecation of stock, receivables and plant and machinery.
- 11.2 The approved limit of Money Market Loan lies under sub-limit of the facilities mentioned in note 11.1 from various commercial banks. For Money Market loan, the rate of mark up range between KIBOR 3.95% to KIBOR + 0.05% per annum (June 30, 2024: KIBOR + 0.00% to KIBOR + 0.05% per annum). These are secured against hypothecation of stock, receivables and plant and machinery.
- 11.3 The rate of mark-up on export refinance is SBP base rate +0.50% to +1% (June 30,2024: SBP base rate +0.50% to +1%).
- 11.4. The rate of mark-up on Foreign currency import finance is 5% to 8% (June 30, 2024: 7% to 13%) inclusive of LIBOR.
- 11.5 This relates to export bills discounted outstanding as at March 31, 2025.

12. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

12.1 Contingencies

12.1.1 Outstanding guarantees given on behalf of the Company by commercial banks in normal course of business amounting to Rs. 4.54 billion (June 30, 2024: Rs. 3.86 billion).

Other contingencies are same as disclosed in notes 24.1.1 to 24.1.8 to the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024.

March 31,	June 30,
2025	2024
(Un-audited)	(Audited)
(Rupees in	1 '000)

12.1.2 Others

Export bills discounted	636,145	
Local bills discounted	<u>166,121</u>	355,261
Post dated cheques in favour of Collector of Customs against imports	10,899,357	10,732,996
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

March 31, June 30, 2025 2024 (Un-audited) (Audited) ------ (Rupees in '000) ------

12.2 Commitments

Letters of credit opened by banks for:

Plant and machinery

Raw materials

Stores and spares

832,555

1,613,656

11,085,636

2,712,851

100,989 211,269

	Nine Months Ended		Quarter Ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Note		(Rupees	in '000)	

13. COST OF SALES

Opening stock	
- finished good:	S
Cost of goods	
manufactured	13.1

Closing stock - finished goods

4,318,972	2,903,915	4,427,098	5,321,804
51,209,677	51,144,689	16,628,123	17,312,476
55,528,649	54,048,604	21,055,221	22,634,280
(5,266,136)	(3,246,215)	(5,266,136)	(3,246,215)
50,262,513	50,802,389	15,789,085	19,388,065

13.1 Cost of goods manufactured

Opening stock - work in process	1,932,370	986,146	1,543,019	1,762,254
Raw and packing	22.042.161	20 240 053	10.002.507	10 440 707
material consumed Other manufacturing	32,942,161	39,248,851	10,693,587	12,443,767
•	17 0 40 007	12 042 606	E 004 270	E 220 4E0
expenses	17,848,007	13,042,696	5,904,378	5,239,459
	50,790,168	52,291,547	16,597,965	17,683,226
	52,722,538	53,277,693	18,140,984	19,445,480
Closing stock				
- work in process	(1,512,861)	(2,133,004)	(1,512,861)	(2,133,004)
	51,209,677	51,144,689	16,628,123	17,312,476

14. TAXATION

There have been no change in the tax contingencies as disclosed in note number 23 to 24 to the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Nine Months Ended				
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024			
Note	(Rupees	in '000)			

15. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Profit before taxation	3,003,312	882,312
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	1,852,790	1,545,394
Loss / (gain) on disposal of property,		
plant and equipment	15,775	(23,870)
Fixed assets written off	-	4,404
Gain arising from changes in fair		
value of biological asset - animals	(35,922)	(143,146)
Loss on sale of biological asset - animals	86,199	76,911
Profit on deposits	(63,448)	(38,467)
Reversal of impairment	(4,722)	-
Provision for retirement benefit obligation	332,389	292,098
Share of profit from associates	(850,805)	(1,074,376)
Gəin on short term investment	(196,073)	-
Finance cost	1,909,069	3,073,973
Working capital changes 15.1	95,794	4,384,209
	3,141,046	8,097,130
Cash generated from operations	6,144,358	8,979,442
Working capital changes		
(Increase) / decrease in current assets		
Stores, spares and loose tools	(115,393)	(277,941)
Stock in trade	(3,970,797)	4,429,895
Trade debts	(500,635)	(1,073,113)
Loans and advances	32,017	440,862
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	(5,609)	(60,695)
Other receivables	592,060	1,079,732
	(3,968,357)	4,538,740
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	4,064,151	(154,531)
Working capital changes	95,794	4,384,209

15.1

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Details of significant transactions with related parties, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these condensed interim financial statements, are as follows:

ale as follows.				Nine M	onths Ended
			- -	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Name of	Basis of	% of	Nature of		es in '000)
Related Party	relationship		Transaction		
Y.B.Holdings (Private) Limited	Holding Company	-	Reimbursement of expenses to Compa		2,819
Lucky Core Industries Limited	Associate	7.21%	Purchase of fiber Purchase of silage Dividend received Purchase of dyes a chemicals Purchase of frozer semen Purchase of berga	17,75 1 64	34,526 399,292 3,910 2 -
Yunus Energy Limited	Associate	19.99%	Reimbursement of expenses to Compa Dividend received		0 180 5 183,411
Lucky Cement Limited	Associated Company	-	Purchase of cemer Reimbursement of expenses to Compa		· ·
Lucky Energy (Private) Limited	Associated Company	-	Purchase of electric / steam Reimbursement of expenses to Comp Reimbursement of expenses from Comp Purchase of service	3,248,89 pany 1,59 pany	1,311 - 742
Lucky Knits (Private) Limited	Associated Company	-	Sale of yarn Knitting and Dyeing charges Dyes & chemical purchased Dyeing services prov Purchase of storeiter Purchase of machine Reimbursement of expenses to Comp	72,38 rided 1,744,10 ms 19 ery 480,00	4 63,089 0 - 05 730,340 38 - 0 -
Lucky Motor Corporation	Associated Company		Purchase of mobile phones	1,45	0 -
Lucky Textile Mills Limited	Associated Company	-	Sale of yarn Sale of fabric Sale of raw matericale of waste Dyeing services proved byeing charges Printing charges CMT charges Reimbursement of expenses to Compa	573,59 rided 3,70 93 652,74	8 49,538 703,527 0 675,442 04 - 11,502 5 151 14 -

				Nine Months Ended	
Name of Related Party	Basis of relationship	% of Share holdin	Nature of Transaction	March 31, 2025 (Rupees	March 31, 2024 s in '000)
Tricom Solar Power (Private) Limited	Associated Company	-	Interest income on subordinated loan	2,152	5,958
Yunus Textile Mills Limited	d Associated Company	-	Sale of yarn Sale of waste Purhase of raw	627,938 146,584	578,470 74,007
			material Sale of raw material	4,623 258	6,000 -
Yunus Wind Power Limited	Associated Company	-	Interest income on subordinated loan	575	796
Y.B.Engineering Limited	Associated Company	-	Re-imbursement of expense from the Company	-	11,497
Feroze1888 Mills Limited	Associated Company	-	Purchase of packing material	-	379
b) Benefits to key mana	gement person	nel		147,225	144,729

17. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1: fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at March 31, 2025, the Company has no financial instruments that falls into any of the above category except biological assets which are classified in level 2 above.

18. OPERATING SEGMENTS

18.1The financial information regarding operating segment is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025			Nine Months Ended March 31, 2024				
	Spinning	Knitted bedding product	Others	Total	Spinning	Knitted bedding product	Others	Total
				(Rupees in	'000)			
Segment revenues	42,666,521	9,973,526	2,713,403	55,353,450	47,753,736	5,432,340	1,312,117	54,498,193
(Loss) / profit before tax	2,133,570	655,484	214,258	3,003,312	91,176	300,702	490,434	882,312
Finance cost	1,039,520	11,065	858,484	1,909,069	2,296,948	217,644	559,381	3,073,973
Depreciation	1,331,999	44,630	476,161	1,852,790	1,153,014	27,604	364,776	1,545,394
		March 31, 2025 (Un-audited)		June 30, 2024 (Audited)			4	
	Spinning	Knitted bedding product	Others	Total	Spinning	Knitted bedding product	Others	Total
				(Rupees in	'000)			
Segment assets								
Property, plant and equipment	19,979,225	629,844	6,618,102	27,227,171	17,698,183	622,543	6,242,884	24,563,610
Other non-current assets	65,499	-	6,688,173	6,754,323	-	-	7,191,384	7,191,384
Current assets	25,955,246	6,491,900	1,139,675	33,586,821	24,840,578	4,414,448	821,794	30,076,820
Segment Liabilities								
Non-current Liabilities	4,946,436	136,157	659,295	5,741,888	6,899,441	137,218	1,141,155	8,177,814
Current Liabilities	22,451,051	5,700,359	10,173,904	38,325,314	20,609,299	3,739,592	7,806,811	32,155,702

18.2 Reconciliations of segments net turnover, cost of sales, assets and liabilities

March 31,	March 31,
2025	2024
(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)
(Rupees	in '000)

18.2.1 Net Turnover

Total net turnover for reportable segments		59,110,258
Elimination of inter-segment net turnover	(6,115,106)	(4,612,065)
Total net turnover	55,353,450	54,498,193

18.2.2 Cost of sales

Total cost of sales for reportable segments	56,377,619	55,414,454
Elimination of inter-segment purchases	(6,115,106)	(4,612,065)
Total cost of sales	50,262,513	50,802,389

March 31,	June 30,	
2025	2024	
(Un-audited)	(Audited)	
(Rupees in '000)		

18.2.3 Assets

Total assets for reportable segments	53,121,664	47,575,752
Other assets	14,446,651	14,256,062
Total assets	67,568,315	61,831,814

18.2.4 Liabilities

Total liabilities for reportable segments	33,234,003	31,385,550
Other liabilities	10,833,199	8,947,966
Total liabilities	44,067,202	40,333,516

19. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Comparative information has been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these condensed interim financial statements, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison and to conform with changes in presentation in the current period.

20. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These condensed interim financial statements have been approved and authorized for issue on April 23, 2025 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

MUHAMMAD ALI TABBA Chairman

Chief Executive Officer

MUHAMMAD SOHAIL TABBA MUHAMMAD IMRAN MOTEN Chief Financial Officer

ڈائر یکٹرزر پورٹ برائے ممبران

عزيزجمبران

آ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرزانتہائی مسرت کے ساتھ 31 مارچ 2025 کوختم ہونے والی سے ماہی سے متعلق کارکردگی اور غیرآ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی نتائج آ کی خدمت میں چیش کررہے ہیں۔

جائزه

زیرجائزہ مدت کے دوران ، کمپنی کی مجموعی فروختگی میں 1.57 فیصد کا معمولی اضافیہ واجس کے بعد مجموعی فروختگی گزشتہ سال کی اس مدت کے 54.49 ارب روپے ہوئی۔ آوانائی کی برهتی ہوئی لاگت نے اگر چدمنافع پر منفی اثرات مرتب کئے تاہم ، خام مال کے بہتر امتزاج اور قیمتوں میں مثبت تبدیلی کے باعث کمپنی اپنے مجموعی مارجنز کو بہتر بنانے میں کا میاب رہی ۔سے درآمدی سوت کے بڑھتے ہوئے تجم کی دجہ سے مقامی دھاگے کی قیمتیں بھی زیرد ہاؤر ہیں کمپنی تمام در پیش چیلنجز سے نبرد آنما ہوئی اور ساتھ تبی ساتھ تمویلی لاگت میں کی ہونے کی بدولت 2,002 ملین روپ کا خالص منافع حاصل کرنے میں کامیاب رہی جو کہ گزشتہ سال کی اس مدت میں 277.81 ملین روپے تھا۔

معاشي منظرنامه

وطن عزیز پاکستان کے معاشی منظرنا ہے نے زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران بحالی کی شبت رفتار کو برقر اررکھا جس میں طویل مدتی ترقی اورا سیحکام کے امید افزاام کانات عیاں میں۔ بین الاقوامی مالیاتی فنڈ (آئی ایم ایف) کے ساتھ توسیعی فنڈ کی سہولت (ای ایف ایف) کے لئے زَرّی اور مالیاتی اصلاحات کے نفاذکی وجہ ہے میکر ومعاشیاتی اشاریوں میں جمر پورمضبوطی دکھائی دی اورافراط ذرکئی دہائیوں کی کم ترین سطح تک پہنچ گیا، رواں کھاتوں کا توازن شبت رہا، اورز رمبادلہ کے ذخائر بھی مضبوط ہوئے جس کے منتجے میں شرح مبادلہ مشتکام ہوئی۔

رواں مدت کے دوران، درآمدی بلز گزشتہ سال کی ای مدت کے 40.05 ارب امریکی ڈالر کے مقابلے میں 6.60 فیصد سے بڑھ کر 42.69 ارب امریکی ڈالر ہوگئے۔دوسری جانب ملک کی برآمدات میں بھی اضافہ ہوا جو گرشتہ سال کی ای مدت کے مقابلے میں 7.82 فیصد کے اضافے کے ساتھ 24.71 ارب امریکی ڈالر ہوگئیں۔ جبکہ ترسیلات زرمیں 33.20 فیصد کا غیر معمولی اضافہ دیکھا گیا جو کہ دواں مدت میں 28 ارب امریکی ڈالر تک پہنچ گئیں جس کے باعث دوال کھاتے کو نمایاں طور پر تقویت کی۔

روال عرصے کے دوران عمومی افراط زر کی شرح میں توقع سے زیادہ کی کار جمان جاری رہا جسے مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے بینک دولت پاکستان (مرکزی بدیک) نے پالیسی ریٹ کو 20.5 فیصد سے 12 فیصد تک یعنی مجموعی طور پر 850 فی پی الیس سے کم کیا۔اس سے نہ صرف صنعتوں پر مالی دباؤ کم ہوا بلکہ مارکیٹ میں مثبت احساسات احاکر ہوئے۔

مقامی کپاس کی فصل میں یکا یک ذیر دست کی ٹیکٹائل کی صنعت کے لئے باعث تنثویش ہے کپاس کی پیدادار میں گزشتہ سال کی ای مدت کے مقالبے میں 34.17 فیصد کی واقع ہوئی ہے۔ جنگ فیکٹریوں (روئی دھننے کے کارخانے) کوصرف 5.524 فیصد کی واقع ہوئی ہے۔ جنگ فیکٹریوں (روئی دھنے کے کارخانے) کوصرف 5.524 فیصد کی واقع ہوئی ہے۔ سال اس عرصے میں موصول گانٹوں کی تعداد 8.26 ملین تھی۔ اس کی کے باعث درآمدی کپاس پرانحصار بڑھے گا جس سے فیتی زرمبادلہ پربھی دباؤبڑھے گا۔
گا۔

مالیاتی کارکردگی

ز رِنظر سه ماہی اختیامیہ 31 مارچ 2025 ہے متعلق ممپنی کے اہم مالیاتی نیائج کا مواز نیذیل میں پیش خدمت ہے:

خلاصه برائے نقع ونقصان	31درچ2025 رو	31مارچ 2024 یے ہزاروں میں	مثبت/(منفی) فیصد
#.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	يعتد
فروختگی (صافی)	55,353,450	54,498,193	1.57
خام منافع	5,090,937	3,695,804	37.75
لا گت برائے ترسیل مال	671,908	632,559	(6.22)
لاگت برائے انتظامی امور	429,589	396,786	(8.27)
دیگراخراجات برائے کاروباری افعال	320,038	128,417	(149.22)
تمویلی لاگت	1,909,069	3,073,973	37.90
دیگرآ مدن -	1,242,979	1,418,243	(12.36)
منافع قبل ازنيكس	3,003,312	882,312	240.39
منافع بعداز نيكس	2,002,815	277,815	620.92
آمدن فی خصص (روپے)	71.45	9.91	

رواں بدت کے دوران، سوت کی فروخت، گزشتہ سال کی اس بدت کے مقالبے میں کم رہی، کیکن بٹی ہوئی چا دروں کی مصنوعات کے شعبے میں بہتر جم نے اس کی کو پورا کیا، جس کے بنتیج میں ندصر ف جموی فر ذختگی میں اضافہ ہوا بلکہ شرح منافع میں بھی بہتری آئی۔

لاگت تبادله میں اضافے ، بطور خاص توانانی کی لاگت پر دباؤ کے باوجود بھپنی اپنی خام منافع کی شرح کو برقر ارر کھنے میں کامیاب رہی جس کی بنیادی وجہ خام مال کی مؤثر طریقے سے خریداری ، آپریشنل افادیت ، اور توانائی کی پیداوار میں قابل تجدید زرائع کا زیاد واستعال ہے۔

لاگت برائے ترسیل مال میں اضافہ بنیادی طور پرئی ہوئی چاوروں کی مصنوعات کی برآ مدات برٹنی فروخت میں اضافہ برٹنی ہے، جبکہ انتظامی اخراجات میں اضافے کی وجیافراط زرکے اثرات ہیں۔

تمویلی لاگت گزشتہ مدت کے3,073 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں 37.90 فیصد ہے کم ہوکر 1,909 ملین روپے ہوگئی۔اس کی میں متعدد وگول کارفر ما رہے جیسا کہ پالیسی ریٹ میں کی (گزشتہ سال کی اس مدت میں 22 کے مقابلے میں 20.5%–12%)، کمپنی کی جانب سے کا روباری سرمائے (ورکٹک کمپٹل کا بہتر انتظام اور ساتھ ساتھ ملکی اور فیم ملکی کرنی میں قرضوں کے امتزاج چیسے خاطر خواہ اقد امات ہیں۔

شریک کمپنیوں سے حاصل شدہ آمدن اس مدت میں850.80 ملین روپے رہی جس میں 20.81 فیصد کی کی درج کی گئی۔ تاہم ، اس مدت کے دوران سمپنی کے خالص منافع %260.92 فیصد کے اضافے کے بعد 2,002 ملین روپے درج کیا گیا۔

مختلف شعبول میں کاروباری کارکردگی کا جائزہ

ز رِنظر سہ ماہی کے دوران ، سوت کے شعبے کی مجموعی فروخت میں اگر چیکی آئی تا ہم گزشتہ مدت کے مقابلے میں مار جنز میں بہتری آئی۔ دوسری جانب ، سوت کی برآ مدات میں سست روی کا رجحان رہا جس کی جبہ بلند پیداواری لاگت ہے جس نے مسابقت کو شدید متاثر کیا۔اس کے برعکس ، بُنائی کے شعبے کی مصنوعات کی فروخت میں 80 فیصد سے زائد کا اضافیہ واجو مجموعی شرح کو بڑھانے میں معاون ثابت ہوا۔

یا ئیداری، اخلاقیات اور کمیونی کے اثرات کوآ کے بڑھانا

سمپنیء و ژماحولیاتی اقد امات کے ذریعے اپنی پائیداری کے عزم کوآ گے بڑھارہی ہے۔ روال سال ،ہم نے اپنے کاربن فوٹ پرنٹ کومزید کم کرتے ہوئے سٹسی تو انائی کی پیداوار کو بڑھایا۔ آراو پانٹس کے ذریعے پینے کے صاف پانی کے تحفظ کی کوششوں میں اضافہ کیا گیا، جبکہ منعتی فضلے اور پانی کے ذمہ دارانہ اخراج کو پیشی میا بیا گیا۔ جبر کاربی کی مہمات اور تو انائی کا موڑ انفر اسر کچر ، بشمول ویٹ ہیٹ ریکووری ، کاربن کے اخراج میں کئی کے ساتھ ساتھ ڈیجیٹیا تزییشن کے دریعے کا فلا کی گئی گئی گئی ہوتھ کا گیا ہے۔ بیا کہ اور ماحولیاتی ذمہ داری کے لئے کمپنی کی گئی کو تقویت دیتے ہیں۔
داری کے لئے کمپنی کی گئی کو تقویت دیتے ہیں۔

26 | Gadoon Textile Mills Limited

ایک جامع اور مساوی معاشرے کی تھکیل میں کمپنی اسٹے کر دار کہ تسلیم کرتے ہے اور اس کی خاطرا پنے وقت ، مہارت اور وسائل کو ہرطرح سے بروئے کارلاتی ہے۔ پیکاوشیں کمپنی کی ہی ایس آر کی تھمت عملی کی عکاس نہیں بلکہ کمپنی کی اقدار میں ہیوستہ ہیں۔معاشرے کی خدمت میں اپنا حصہ ڈال کر ہمارا مقصد ایک بامقصد تبدیلی لانا ہے جس کے دور رس اثرات مرتب ہوں۔

اپنی سی الیس آر کی کاوشوں کے جھے کے طور پر:

کمپنی نے دی پاکتان ایسوی ایشن آف دی بلائنڈ کے ساتھ اشتراک کیا تا کہ بینائی ہے محروم افراد کے لئے معیاری تعلیم اورمسلسل سکھنے کے حوالے سے جامع اور مساوی مواقع پیدا کئے جاکمیں۔

۔ مریضوں کی بہتر دیکھ بھال کو مذظر رکھتے ہوئے کمپنی نے مرشداسپتال اور ہیلتھ کیئر سینٹر کواعلی معیار کی بستر کی چاوروں کاعطیہ کیا۔

۔ ماہ رمضان المبارک میں کمپنی نے سوشل ویلفیر اینڈ ٹرسٹ (آئی او بی ایم سوسائٹ) کے اشتر اک سے نجمیدہ سینئر کیئر ہوم میں افطار کا ہندو بست کیا جو کپنی کی جانب سے ان افراد کے ساتھ ہمدر د کیا اور قرابت کی ع کا می کرتا ہے۔

عملے کی تربیت اور نمو

کمپنی اس بات کی اہمیت پریقین رکھتی ہے کہ افرادی قوت کوملم اورنی مہارتوں کے ساتھ بااختیار بنانا کمپنی کی طویل مدتی اور دیر پاتر تی کے حصول کے موثر طریقوں میں سے ایک ہے۔ تربیت سے متعلق ان اقد امات کا مقصد مہارت کا فروغ ، روزگار کی صلاحیت کو بڑھنا ناوران کمیوفٹیژر کے لئے مواقع پیدا کرنا جو نظر انداز کئے جاتے ہیں۔ اس سہ ماہی میں ، ہماری انسانی وسائل کی ٹیم نے کارپوریٹ گوونٹس لیڈرشپ ، ابتدائی طبی امداد ، آگ پر قابو پانے ، کیمیکل سیفٹی ، ای ٹی آئی میس کوڈ ، بی بی ای کے استعمال اور حفاظتی اقد امات کی مشقوں برشی تر تین پروگر ام کا انعقاد کیا۔

مستقبل کی پیش بینی

عالم معیشت کے نقط نظر کے حوالے سے پیش بنی ہے کہ بیجاری چیلنجوں کے درمیان ترتی اورنمو کی معمولی رفتار برقر ارر کھے گی۔اگر چیعالمی سطح پر افراط زر میں کی آرہی ہے تاہم ، بیتو یش کا باعث اس لئے رہے گی کہ جغرافیائی سیاسی کشیدگی ، توانائی کی قیمتوں اور نظام ترسل کومتا ترکرتی رہے گی ،جس کے لیے عالمی سطح پر مرکزی پیکوں کو افراط زراورا قتصادی ترقی میں توان قائم رکھنے کی ضرورت ہے۔ مزید برآس ، ماحولیاتی خدشات، گرین انر بھی کا طرف منتقلی اور سب سے اہم بات کہ امر کی تنجارتی پالیسیوں میں تبدیلی کلیدی عوائل رہیں گے جوعالمی تجارتی فقط نظر کوئی شکل دے سکتے ہیں ،جس سے عالمی معیشتوں کو اپنی اقتصادی حکمت عملی کو دوبارہ ترتیب دینے کی ضرورت ہوگی۔

پاکتان کی ٹیکشائل صنعت کومتاثر کرنے والی ایک اہم پیش رفت امریکہ کی طرف سے پاکتان سے ٹیکشائل کی بھن درآمدات پر29 فیصد تک ٹیرف لگانے کا حالیہ اعلان ہے۔ تاہم، امریکی انتظامیہ نے فی الحال فدا کرات کے لیے گئجائش فراہم کرنے کے مقصد سے ان مجصولات کے نفاذ پر90 دن کا وقفہ دیاہے۔

 وطن عزیز کور پیش بیرونی خطرات کے علاوہ ،ایکسپورٹ میسیلیٹیشن اسکیم کی حالیہ غیر بیتی صورتحال نے ٹیکسٹاکل ایکسپورٹرز کومزید متاثر کیا ہے۔ کمپلائنس سے متعلق تناز عات ، خاص طور پر جوغلط بیانی پرمنی اور ماضی کے معاملات اسابقہ آؤٹ سے نسلک ہیں ، کی وجہ سے کمپلائنس کے بوجھ میں اضافے کو افعالی اور مالی دباؤکا سامنا کرنا پڑرہا ہے۔ ان مسائل کی وجہ سے ترسل میں تاخیر ، پیداواری منصوبہ بندی میں خلل اور کمپلائنس کے بوجھ میں اضافے چیسے مزید مسائل پیدا ہوئے ہیں جو کے برآ مرات کو شعبوں کی مسابقت کو خطرے میں ڈال رہے ہیں۔ ای طرح ، لیویز اورڈ بوٹیز کا بیا کیسا اور مان کی خیر متوقعیت کے بارے میں خدشات کو جنم دیا ہے اور برآ مراتی ترقی کے ماڈل پر سرما بیر کاروں کے اعتاد کو ختم کردیا ہے۔
کاروں کے اعتاد کو ختم کردیا ہے۔

وطن عزیز میں مقامی طور پر، Fitch کی جانب سے پاکستان کی خود مختار درجہ بندی کو "+CCC" سے بہتر کرکے "-B" کیا جانا، آئی ایم ایف کے توسیعی فنڈ سہولت کے ساتھ ساتھ نئی " پلک اور پائیداری کی سہولت " کے تحت معاہدوں کا کیا جانا اس بات کا اعتراف ہے کہ ملک کے میکروا کنا سکتا مم کی بھالی میں اہم پیش رفت ہوئی ہے۔ چنانچہ اب اہمیت اس بات کی ہے کہ ترتی کی اس رفتار کو آگے بڑھایا ئے اور درینہ سانتی کمروریوں کو دور کرنے اور آب وہوا سے متعلق اصلاحات کو آگے بڑھانے کو ترجی دی جائے۔

مینونیکچرنگ شعبے کواگر چہ پالیسی ریٹ میں خاطرخواہ کی سے فائدہ ہوا تا ہم بڑے پیانے پرمینونیکچرنگ میں نموست روی کا شکار رہی۔افراط زر کے موجودہ ربحان پڑمورکرتے ہوئے بقو کی امکان ہے کہ بینک دولت یا کستان مطلب پرمخی ترقی کو بڑھانے کے لیے شرح سود میں مزید کی کرسکتا ہے۔

وطن عوزیز کے سوت کتائی کے شعبے کو بھی کئی سکلیں چیلنجوز کا سامنا ہے جن میں پالیسیز میں نفاوت،علاقائی حریفوں سے سوت کی سستی درآ مدات اور کمپٹو پاور پلائٹس کے لئے گیس کی قیمتوں میں مسلسل اضافہ شامل ہیں۔مقامی سوت کی صنعت کے بقااور فروغ کے لئے ضروری ہے کہ ان چیلنجوز سے نمٹا جائے اور مقامی صنعت کے لئے اسپنے علاقائی حریفوں سے برابری کی سطح پرمقا سلے اور مواقع سے فائدہ اٹھانے کی فضا کو قائم کیا جاسکے۔

کمپنی ان تمام چینجوں سے نبرد آزما ہونے کے ساتھ ساتھ مواقع سے پوری طرح فائدہ اٹھانے ، علاقائی ہم عصروں کے ساتھ مسابقت کو بڑھانے اور پائیدار ترقی کے لیے ایک زیادہ سازگار کاروباری ماحول بنانے میں کوشاں ہے۔ علاوہ ازیں ، کمپنی اس بات کے لئے کوشاں ہے پیداواری گنجائش کوزیادہ سے زیادہ زیراستعمال لاکر، اخراجات میں کی لاکر، قابل تجد میرتوانائی کے منصوبوں میں سرمائیدکاری کے ذریعے ، اور کاروباری سرمائے (ورکنگ کمبیٹیل) کے بہتر انتظام سے پیداواری لاگت کومناسب سطح پر رکھا جائے۔ فد میر برآس ، فروخت کیلئے پیش کی جانے والی مصنوعات کے امتزاج کو طلب ورسد کی بنیاد پر بہتر بنایا جائے گا تا کہ منافع کی شرح کو قائم رکھا جائے۔

بوردْ آف دْائر يكٹرز كى ترتىپ

کمپنی کے بورڈ آفڈ ائر کیٹرز میں ممبران کی کل تعداد آٹھ ہے بشمول چیف ایگزیکیوٹیوجو کہ بحثیت Deemed ڈائر کیٹراپنے فرائفن سرانجام دےرہے ہیں۔

	ڈائر یکٹرز کی کل تعداد:
7	الف) مرد
1	ب) خواتین

بورڈ کاامتزاج درج ذیل ہے:

تعداد	تفصيلات
02	الف)خود مختار ڈائر یکٹرز
04	ب) دیگرغیرا نتظامی
	ڈائر یکٹرز
01	ج) انتظامی ڈائر یکٹر
01	د)خوا تین غیرا نظامی
	ڈائر یکٹر

بوردْ آ ف دْ ائرْ يَكْتُرْزْ كَا انْتَخَاب

سمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائز کیٹرز کا انتخاب محورجہ 17 مارچ 2025 کوگمل میں لایا گیا جس میں درجہ ذیل ڈائز کیٹرز کا انتخاب تین سال کی مت کے لئے کیا گیا:

		تعداد	تفصيلات
منتخب	جناب سی <i>د محد شتر</i> زیدی	02	الف)خود مختار ڈائر یکٹرز
منتخب	جناب معين ايم فُدّ ا		
منتخب	جناب <i>محم</i> علی <i>ئ</i> بہ	04	ب) دیگرغیرا نظامی ڈائر یکٹرز
منتخب	جناب جاويد يونس متبه		
منتخب	جناب محر ^{حس} ن <i>ف</i> تبه		
منتخب	جناب ابراہیم سہیل متبہ		
منتخب	محترمهذ ليخه فتبه مسكاتتيا	01	ح) خواتین غیرانتظامی
			ڈائر <i>یکٹر</i>
تقرر کیا گیا	جناب محم ^{سه} يل <i>ئ</i> بة	01	د) انتظامی ڈائز یکٹر

ہم ریٹائز ہونے والے ڈائر کیٹر جناب عمران پونس کو، کمپنی کے لئے ان کی انمول خدمات کا اعتراف کرتے ہوئے تبددل سے خراج شخسین پیش کرتے ہیں۔

سمپنی کے غیرا نظامی ڈائر کیٹرز کے مشاہر سے کی پالیسی میں سی قتم کی کوئی تبدیلی نہیں آئی جیسا کہ کمپنی کی سالا ندر پورٹ برائے2024 میں درج ہے۔ اظہار تشکر

ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب ہے کمپنی کے تمام ملاز مین، عملے او منتظمین کی کارکرد گی اورمسلسل لگن کوخراج شسین پیش کرتے ہوئے اسے تلم بند کیا جا تا ہے۔

برائے ومنجانب بورڈ

موسهيل طب محرسهيل طب چيف ايگزيکيُّوا فيسر

محمد على شبه حبرً مين چئر مين

بمقام كراجي:مؤرخه 23 اپريل، 2025

